VMware 5V0-22.23 Exam

VMware vSAN Specialist v2

Questions & Answers Demo

Version: 4.0

A vSAN administrator has a group of requirements from the application team, which mandates spreading the components across storage devices as much as possible.

What should the vSAN Administrator consider to achieve such a requirement for building a new vSAN cluster? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure disk striping in OSA
- B. Configure disk striping in ESA
- C. Enable Force Provisioning in OSA
- D. Enable deduplication for vSAN
- E. Create a dedicated Storage Pool in ESA

Answer: A, D

Question: 2

A site administrator wishes to implement HCI mesh between two clusters on vSAN that are located in geographically separate sites and which are administered within a single datacenter.

Which two requirements should the vSAN administrator consider to accomplish this goal? (Choose two.)

- A. Either Layer 2 or Layer 3 communications can be used
- B. A leaf spine topology is required for core redundancy and reduced latency
- C. NIC teaming must be implemented for the vSAN network vmkernel port
- D. The configuration must meet the same latency and bandwidth requirement as local vSAN
- E. Encryption must be disabled prior to configuring HCI mesh

Answer: A, D

Question: 3

An administrator has 24 physical servers that need to be configured with vSAN. The administrator needs to ensure that a single rack failure is not going to affect the data availability. The number of racks used should be minimized.

What has to be done and configured to achieve this goal?

- A. Distribute servers across at least two different racks and configure two fault domains
- B. Configure disk groups with a minimum of four capacity disks in each server and distribute them

across	tour	racks

- C. Enable deduplication and compression
- D. Distribute servers across at least three different racks and configure three fault domains

Answer: A

Question: 4

An administrator wants to assign a storage policy to a workload on a two-node vSAN OSA cluster consisting of three disk groups each with nested fault domains. The virtual machine must be protected against a disk or disk group failure.

Which two storage policies meet these requirements? (Choose two.)

- A. RAID-5/FTT 2
- B. RAID-1/FTT 3
- C. RAID-6/FTT 2
- D. RAID-5/FTT 1
- E. RAID-1/FTT 1

Answer: D, E

Question: 5

A vSAN administrator is noticing that the objects resynchronizing in the cluster are taking longer than expected and wants to view the resynchronizing metrics.

Which performance category should the vSAN administrator open?

- A. Disks
- B. Host Network
- C. Resvnc Latency
- D. Backend

Answer: D