# **Cisco Exam 700-602**

# **UCSInvicta Systems Engineer Exam**

**Verson: Demo** 

[Total Questions: 10]

#### Cisco 700-602 : Practice Test

#### **Question No: 1**

Which statement about the scaling system router is true?

- **A.** SSR has no management or host facing interfaces, no ring buffer, and no LSI RAID card.
- **B.** SSR has no management interface but does have host facing interfaces, no ring buffer, and no LSI RAID card.
- **C.** SSR has management and host facing interfaces, a ring buffer, and no LSI RAID card.
- **D.** SSR has management and host facing interfaces, ring buffer, and LSI RAID card.
- E. SSR has management and host facing interfaces, no ring buffer, and no LSI RAID card.

#### **Answer: E**

**Explanation:** SSR deals with management and networking functions of the Scaling system; the other options referred to above are storage-specific, thus carried by the Scaling Node.

#### Question No: 2

Which three tools can be used to manage the Cisco UCS Invicta scaling system? (Choose three.)

- A. Cisco DCNM
- B. Telnet
- C. Cisco UCS Director
- D. Cisco UCS Invicta GUI
- E. SSH
- F. Cisco Prime Storage Manager
- G. Cisco VFrame

Answer: C,D,E

#### **Question No: 3**

Which three options are use cases where enterprise disk systems provide a strong value proposition? (Choose three.)

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- A. Media applications
- **B.** Transactional applications
- C. High-performance computing
- D. VDI/desktop visualization
- E. Transient data performance
- **F.** Static file storage
- G. Long-term archiving

## Answer: A,F,G

**Explanation:** These uses do not call for time sensitive performance which a flash storage system provides, but for a more stable (even if slower) and affordable storage solution. The exception is media, where capacity is sacrificed for a good storage solution.

#### **Question No: 4**

Which limitation do all flash arrays that use existing architectures suffer from as they scale up?

- A. Restricted by the network performance
- B. Restricted by the host performance
- **C.** Restricted by the disk performance
- **D.** Restricted by the access performance
- **E.** Restricted by the controller performance

#### Answer: E

#### **Question No:5**

Which option lists the system functions that are included in the scaling system router?

- A. Node management, mirroring, and replication
- **B.** Flash management, error correction, and power fail data protection
- C. Node management, thin provisioning, and deduplication
- **D.** Snapshots, thin provisioning, and deduplication
- E. Node management, mirroring, and snapshots

#### **Answer: A**

#### **Question No: 6**

Which three statements about solid state drives are true? (Choose three.)

- **A.** Solid state drives typically exceed the capacity of hard disk drives.
- **B.** Solid state drives typically deliver about 1,000 times less latency than hard disk drives.
- C. Solid state drives typically deliver 5-10 times less latency than hard disk drives.
- **D.** Cisco best practices dictate that random and sequential workloads should not be mixed on the same solid state drive because poor performance results.
- **E.** Solid state drives typically deliver about 100 times the IOPS performance of hard disk drives.
- **F.** Solid state drives do not suffer from mechanical seek time latency.

#### Answer: A,B,F

**Explanation:** SDDs have superior performance to HDD, andoutperformthen by big differences. The lack of mechanical latency incurred in HDDs allows SDD provide improved performance.

#### **Question No:7**

Which three workloads are ideal to accelerate using Cisco UCS Invicta? (Choose three.)

- A. Mobile applications
- B. Database loads
- **C.** Transitioning from disk-based to in-memory databases
- **D.** Storage media for backup and recovery operations
- E. Virtual desktops
- **F.** Batch processing

#### Answer: B,E,F

**Explanation:** Because of the criticality of Database loads, the high I/O operations demand of VDI and the necessary to comply with allotted batch processing windows, these three workloads will specially benefit of the acceleration provided by UCS Invicta.

#### **Question No:8**

Which option describes how Cisco UCS Invicta v5.x provides scalability?

- A. Scale up
- B. Scale out
- C. Scale up / scale out
- **D.** Only half of the drive bays are populated when shipped by Cisco, which allows the customer to purchase additional drives to expand capacity when needed
- E. Scale down

#### **Answer: C**

**Explanation:** Invicta allows for both augmentation of performance through capacity upgrades and scalability through new devices.

## **Question No:9**

Which statement describes how drive performance and life is optimized in the Cisco UCS Invicta appliance?

- **A.** The Cisco UCS Invicta appliance system node creates and uses metadata stored on each 4K page to track drive wear.
- **B.** The Cisco UCS Invicta OS creates and uses metadata stored on each 4K page to track drive wear.
- **C.** The Cisco UCS Invicta appliance system router creates and uses metadata stored on each 4K page to track drive wear.
- **D.** Drive wear is not an issue with the Cisco UCS Invicta appliance.

#### **Answer: B**

**Explanation:** This optimizes block erasing so that storage space is optimally utilized in order topreservethe life of the flash drive.

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# Question No : 10

Which options are available when configuring a link aggregation bond in the Cisco UCS Invicta management interface?

- A. LACP, ISL
- B. DNS, GSLB, SLB
- C. TCP, UDP
- D. Round robin, active backup, LACP, ALB

**Answer: D**