Microsoft

98-367 Exam

Microsoft MTA Security Fundamentals Exam

Questions & Answers Demo

Version: 10.0

Question: 1

Windows Firewall is a built-in. host-based, stateless firewall. Select the correct answer if the underlined text does not make the statement correct. Select "No change is needed" if the underlined text makes the statement correct.

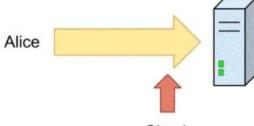
A. Stateful B.Network layer C.Packet filter D.No change is needed

Answer: A

Question: 2

HOTSPOT

Alice sends her password to the game server in plaintext. Chuck is able to observe her password as shown in the following image:



Chuck

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement. Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

this type of attack.

The scenario demonstrated is a(n)	~
[answer choice] attack.	
Alice should [answer choice] to avoid	*

Answer Area

The scenario demonstrated is a(n) [answer choice] attack.

Alice should [answer choice] to avoid this type of attack.

man in the middle eavesdropping denial of service never send a plaintext password only send passwords in plaintext to well-known companies only send passwords in plaintext over the local network

Answer:

First answer – Eavesdropping Second Answer – never send a plaintext password

Question: 3

HOTSPOT

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

			Yes	No
IPsec requires network applications to be IPsec aware.			0	0
IPsec encrypts data.			0	0
IPsec adds overhead for all network communications for wh	nich it is u		0	0
Answer Area		An	swer:	
	Yes	No		
IPsec requires network applications to be IPsec aware.	0	0		
IPsec encrypts data.	0	0		
IPsec adds overhead for all network communications for which it is used.	0	0		

Question: 4

HOTSPOT

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

			Yes	No
Honey pots are primarily used to attract potential attackers	or hacker	S .	0	0
By setting up a honey pot, an administrator can get insightf information about the attacker, such as the IP address.	ul		0	0
A honey pot is an appliance or piece of software that allow network access based on a preconfigured set of rules.	s or denie	s	0	0
Answer Area		An	swer:	
	Yes	No		
Honey pots are primarily used to attract potential attackers or hackers.	0	0		
By setting up a honey pot, an administrator can get insightful information about the attacker, such as the IP address.	0	0		
A honey pot is an appliance or piece of software that allows or denies network access based on a preconfigured set of rules.	0	0		

Question: 5

Bridging is a process of sending packets from source to destination on OSI layer 3. Select the correct answer if the underlined text does not make the statement correct. Select "No change is needed" if the underlined text makes the statement correct.

A. Routing B.Switching C.Repeating D.No change is needed.

Answer: A

Question: 6

The primary purpose of Network Access Protection (NAP) is to prevent:

- A. Loss of data from client computers on a network.
- B.Non-compliant systems from connecting to a network.
- C.Users on a network from installing software.

D.Unauthorized users from accessing a network.

Answer: B

Explanation:

NAP enforces health policies by inspecting and assessing the health of client computers, restricting network access when client computers are noncompliant with health policy, and remediating noncompliant client computers to bring them into compliance with health policy before they are granted full network access. NAP enforces health policies on client computers that are attempting to connect to a network; NAP also provides ongoing health compliance enforcement while a client computer is connected to a network.

Explanation:

Reference:

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc754378(v=ws.10).aspx

Question: 7

You want to make your computer resistant to online hackers and malicious software. What should you do?

A. Configure a forward proxy.B.Install anti-virus software.C.Enable spam filtering.D.Turn on Windows Firewall.

Answer: B

Question: 8

HOTSPOT

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

			Yes	No
An intruder can spoof MAC addresses to get around MAC add	ress filteri	ng.	0	0
Intruders can find a wireless network if the Service Set Identifie hidden.	er (SSID) i	5	0	0
WEP security is strong as long as it has a 128-bit key.			0	0
		An	swer:	
Answer Area				
	Yes	No		
An intruder can spoof MAC addresses to get around MAC address filtering.	0	0		
Intruders can find a wireless network if the Service Set Identifier (SSID) is hidden.	0	0		
WEP security is strong as long as it has a 128-bit key.	0	0		

Question: 9

Your company requires that users type a series of characters to access the wireless network. The series of characters must meet the following requirements: Contains more than 15 characters Contains at least one letter Contains at least one number Contains at least one symbol Which security technology meets these requirements?

A. WEP B.WPA2 PSK C.WPA2 Enterprise D.MAC filtering

Answer: B

Explanation: Pre-shared key mode (PSK, also known as Personal mode) is designed for home and small office networks that don't require the complexity of an 802.1X authentication server.[9] Each wireless network device encrypts the network traffic using a 256 bit key. This key may be entered

either as a string of 64 hexadecimal digits, or as a passphrase of 8 to 63 printable ASCII characters

Question: 10

Many Internet sites that you visit require a user name and password. How should you secure these passwords?

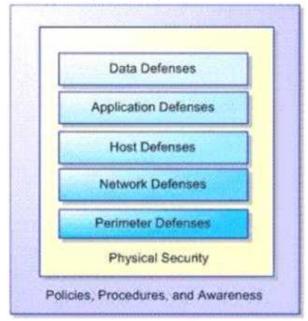
- A. Save them to a text file
- B.Enable session caching
- C.Configure the browser to save passwords
- D.Save them to an encrypted file
- E.Reuse the same password

Answer: D

Question: 11

HOTSPOT

You are an intern for a company where your manager wants to be sure you understand the social engineering threats that may occur. Your manager emphasizes the principles of the Microsoft Defense-in-Depth Security Model shown in the following image:



Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement. Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

The **[answer choice]** defense targets staff within an organization, explaining what to do, when, why, and by whom.

The overarching defense of the Microsoft Defense-in-Depth Security Model is **[answer choice]**

Answer Area

The [answer choice] defense targets staff within an organization, explaining what to do, when, why, and by whom.

The overarching defense of the Microsoft Defense-in-Depth Security Model is **[answer choice]**

First Answer – Policies, Procedures, and Awareness Second Answers – Data Defenses

Question: 12

Physically securing servers prevents:

A. Theft

B.Compromise of the certificate chain C.Man-in-the middle attacks D.Denial of Service attacks Policies, Procedures, and Awareness Data Defenses Physical Security

Policies, Procedures, and Awareness. Network Defenses. Data Defenses.

Answer:

Answer: A

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