

## Six Sigma Black Belt Certification - CSSBB Questions & Answers Demo

Question: 1	
SWOT is an acronym for:	
A. strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, threats B. statistics without tables	
C. sensory Weibull ordinal tools	
D. success wields optimal teams	
E. none of the above	
	Answer: A
Question: 2	
Perform a risk analysis to determine the expected profit or (loss disjoint outcomes:	from a project which has four possible
Outcome A shows a profit of \$340,000 and has a probability of 0.	25
Outcome B shows a profit of \$120,000 and has a probability of 0.	
Outcome C shows a loss of \$40,000 and has a probability of 0.10	25
Outcome D shows a profit of \$100,000 and has a probability of 0.	25
A. \$130,000	
B. \$520,000	
C. \$154,000 D. (\$168,000)	
E. none of the above	
	Answer: C
Question: 3	
The leader in the quality movement who recommended that org for the work force and numerical goals for management.":	ganizations "eliminate numerical quotas
A. Juran	
B. Ishikawa	
C. Crosby	
D. Feigenbaum	
E. Taguchi F. none of the above	
	Answer: F

Question: 4		
The quality leader responsible	for the term Total Quality Management (TQN	<i>A</i> ):
A. Juran		
B. Ishikawa		
C. Crosby		
D. Feigenbaum		
E. Taguchi F. none of the above		
r. Holle of the above		
		Answer: D
Question: 5		
The quality leader most asses	inted with the concept of rehustness.	
The quality leader most assoc	ated with the concept of robustness:	
A. Juran		
B. Ishikawa		
C. Crosby		
D. Feigenbaum E. Taguchi		
F. none of the above		
Timone of the above		
		Answer: E
Question: 6		
	nt quality initiative was lacking in congress seback riding accident in 1987. That initiative	
	-	
	for Standards and Technology (NIST) quality of	_
	proclamation for Deming's 14 points C.	changing National Bureau of
Standards to NIST.	National Standards Institute (ANSI) to join wit	th the International Standards
Organization (ISO) to promulg	• • • •	in the international Standards
E. none of the above.		
		Answer: E
		7.11011011. E
Question: 7		
A quality leader who did exter	nsive work with Japanese industry is:	

A. Juran

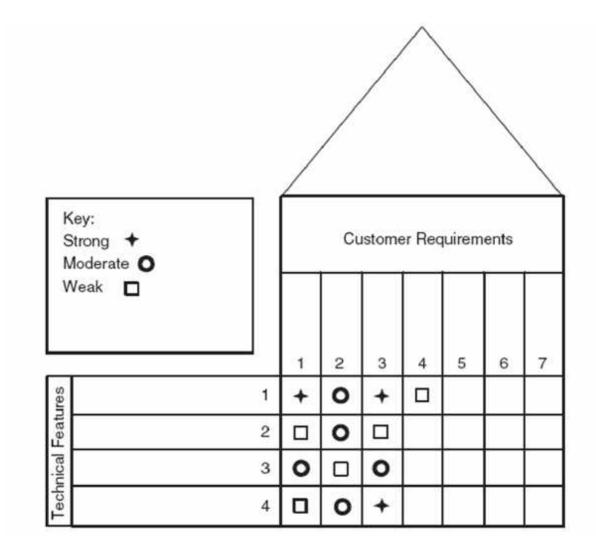
B. Ishikawa C. Deming D. Ohno E. Taguchi F. all of the above G. none of the above	
	Answer: F
Question: 8	
In a series of linked processes and associated feedback loops the producthe information flows	uct or service flows and
A. rapidly, slower B. downstream, upstream C. evenly, digitally D. sooner, later E. to the customer, from the supplier F. none of the above	
	Answer: B
Question: 9	
Causes in a cause and effect diagram often include management, mea and the four standard causes:	surement systems, mother nature
<ul><li>A. man, material, methods, machines</li><li>B. man, manufacturing, methods, material</li><li>C. marketing, methods, material, machines</li><li>D. man, material, millennium, machines</li><li>E. none of the above</li></ul>	
	Answer: A
Question: 10	

The word "champion" in the context of Six Sigma projects refers to:

- A. the team that has had the most impact on the bottom line.
- B. the person who has coordinated teams most effectively
- C. the individual who has outpaced all others in six sigma knowledge
- D. none of the above

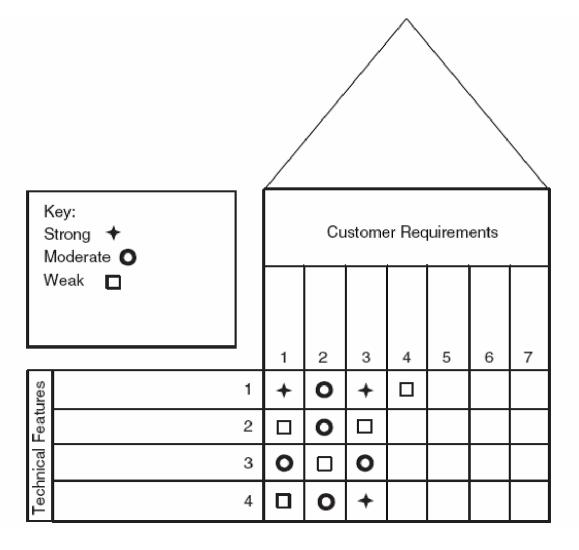
	Answer: D
Question: 11	
George is an employee of Black, Inc. John is George's internal customer. W	/hich statement is true?
A. John is employed by Black, Inc. B. John is employed by another company that supplies material to Black, Inc. C. John is employed by a company that purchases material from black, Inc. D. John is employed by another company that has a fiduciary agreement w. E. John is employed by another company as an internal auditor.	
	Answer: A
Question: 12.	
A team has been asked to reduce the cycle time for a process. The team of it will do this by:	decides to collect baseline data.
<ul> <li>A. seeking ideas for improvement from all stakeholders</li> <li>B. researching cycle times for similar processes within the organization</li> <li>C. obtaining accurate cycle times for the process as it currently runs</li> <li>D. benchmarking similar processes outside the organization</li> </ul>	
	Answer: C
Question: 13	
Customer segmentation refers to:	
A. dividing a particular customer into parts that are more easily understood. B. grouping customers by one or more criteria C. maintaining secure customer listings to minimize communication amon. D. eliminating or "cutting off" customers with poor credit history	
	Answer: B
Question: 14.	

This is an example of part of a:



- A. QFD Matrix
- B. Activity Network Diagram
- C. Interrelationship Diagram
- D. Affinity Diagram

	Answer: A
Question: 15	
Customer requirement #3 has a	relationship with technical feature #3.



A. strong

B. moderate

C. weak

Answer: B

Question: 16

There are 14 different defects that can occur on a completed time card. The payroll department collects 328 cards and finds a total of 87 defects. DPU =

A. 87 ÷ 328

B.  $87 \div (328 \times 14)$ 

C. 14 ÷ 87

D. 87 ÷ 14

E. 328 ÷ 87

F.  $87 \times 1,000,000 \div (14 \times 328)$ 

Answer: A

There are 14 different defects that can occur on a completed time card. The payroll department collects 328 cards and finds a total of 87 defects. DPMO =:

- A. 87 ÷ 328
- B.  $87 \div (328 \times 14)$
- C. 14 ÷ 87
- D.  $87 \div 14 \times 1,000,000$
- E. 328 ÷ 87
- F.  $87 \times 1,000,000 \div (14 \times 328)$

Answer: F

## Question: 18

A random sample of 2500 printed brochures is found to have a total of three ink splotches. The rate of ink splotches in PPM is:

- A.  $1,000,000 \div 2500 \times 3$
- B.  $2500 \div 1,000,000 \times 3$
- C.  $3 \div 2500 \times 1,000,000$
- D.  $3 \times 2500 \div 1,000,000$

**Answer: C**