Fortinet

FCSS_SASE_AD-24 Exam

FCSS - FortiSASE 24 Administrator

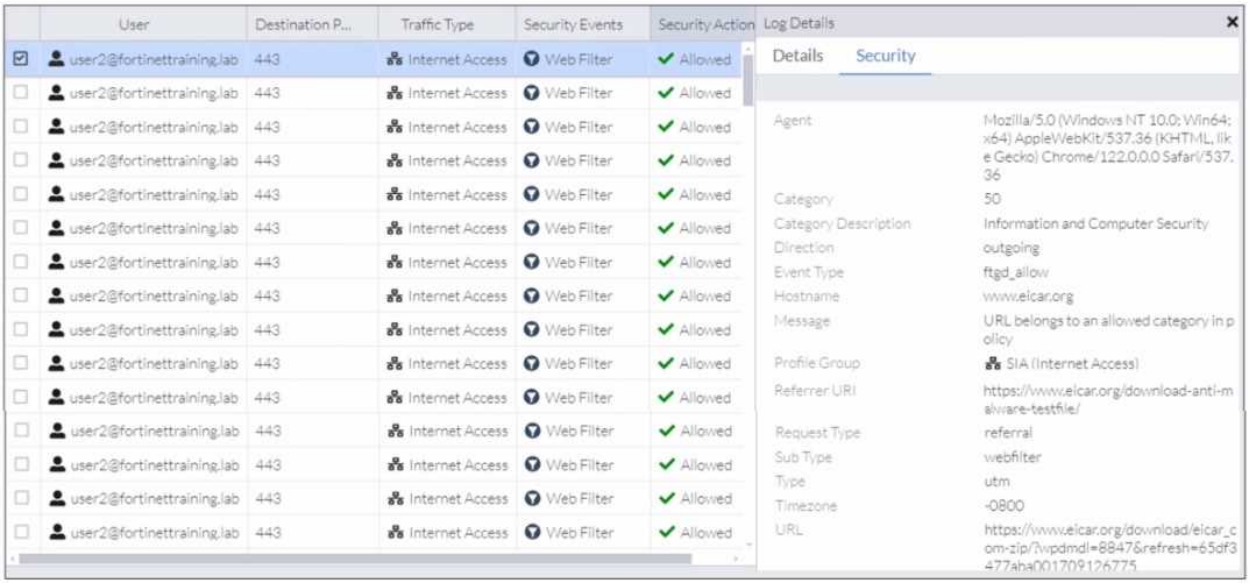
Questions & Answers
Demo

Version: 4.0

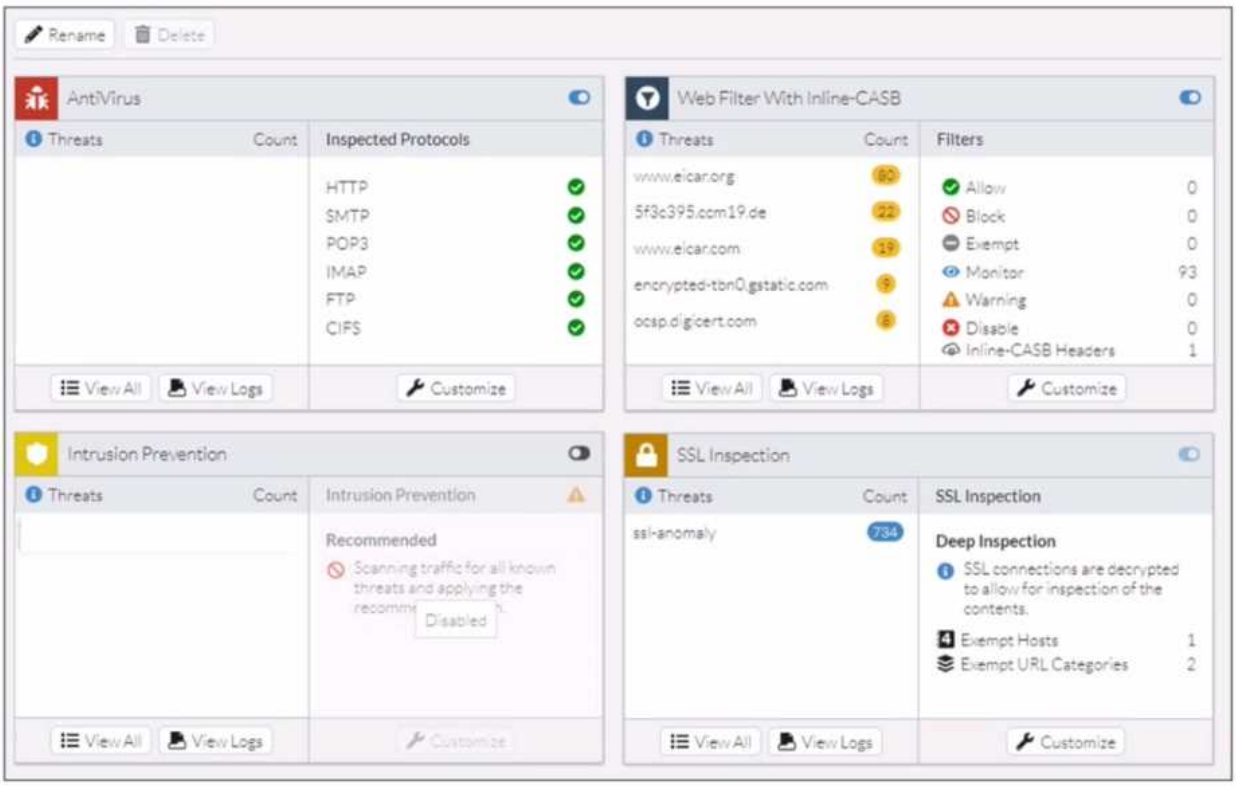
Question: 1

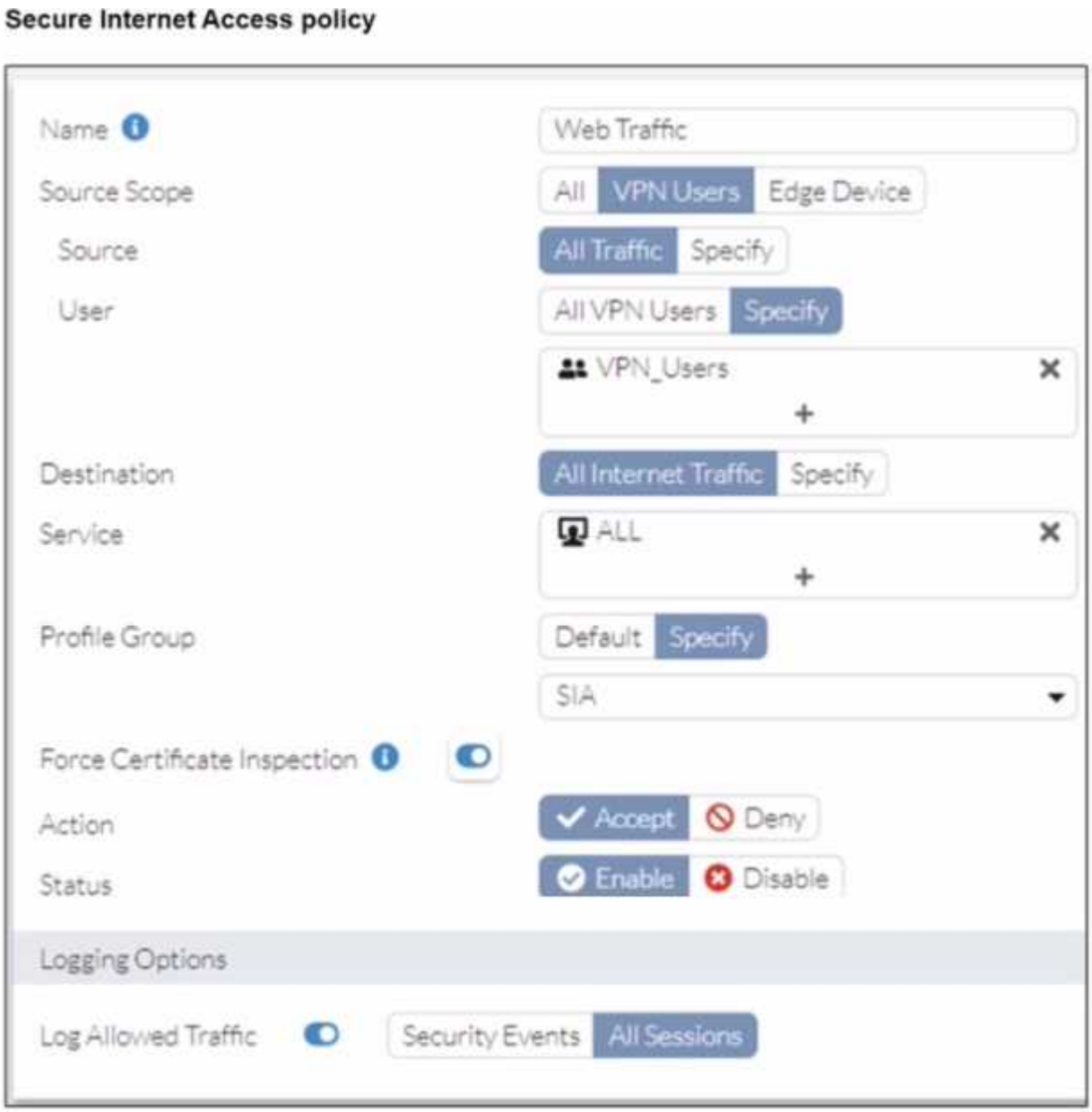
Refer to the exhibits.

Web Filtering logs



Security Profile Group





A FortiSASE administrator has configured an antivirus profile in the security profile group and applied it to the internet access policy. Remote users are still able to download the eicar.com-zip file from https://eicar.org. Traffic logs show traffic is allowed by the policy.
Which configuration on FortiSASE is allowing users to perform the download?

A. Web filter is allowing the traffic.
B. IPS is disabled in the security profile group.
C. The HTTPS protocol is not enabled in the antivirus profile.
D. Force certificate inspection is enabled in the policy.

Answer: D

Explanation:
https://community.fortinet.com/t5/FortiSASE/Technical-Tip-Force-Certificate-Inspection-option-in-FortiSASE/ta-p/302617

Question: 2

An organization wants to block all video and audio application traffic but grant access to videos from CNN Which application override action must you configure in the Application Control with Inline-CASB?

A. Allow
B. Pass
C. Permit
D. Exempt

Answer: A

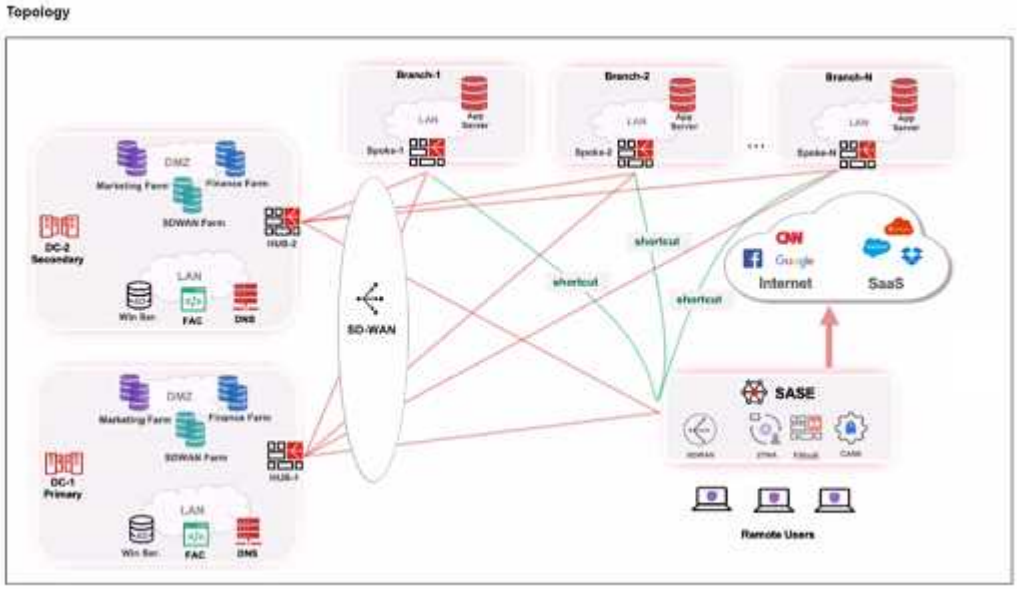
Explanation:

(https://docs.fortinet.com/document/fortisase/24.4.75/sia-agent-based-deployment-guide/568255/configuring-application-control-profile

Question: 3

Refer to the exhibits.

Topology



When remote users connected to FortiSASE require access to internal resources on Branch-2. how will traffic be routed?

A. FortiSASE will use the SD-WAN capability and determine that traffic will be directed to HUB-2. which will then route traffic to Branch-2.
B. FortiSASE will use the AD VPN protocol and determine that traffic will be directed to Branch-2 directly, using a static route
C. FortiSASE will use the SD-WAN capability and determine that traffic will be directed to HUB-1, which will then route traffic to Branch-2.
D. FortiSASE will use the AD VPN protocol and determine that traffic will be directed to Branch-2 directly, using a dynamic route

Answer: D

Explanation:

Question: 4

What are two advantages of using zero-trust tags? (Choose two.)

A. Zero-trust tags can be used to allow or deny access to network resources
B. Zero-trust tags can determine the security posture of an endpoint.
C. Zero-trust tags can be used to create multiple endpoint profiles which can be applied to different endpoints
D. Zero-trust tags can be used to allow secure web gateway (SWG) access

Answer: AB

Explanation:
Zero-trust tags are critical in implementing zero-trust network access (ZTNA) policies. Here are the two key advantages of using zero-trust tags:
Access Control (Allow or Deny):
Zero-trust tags can be used to define policies that either allow or deny access to specific network resources based on the tag associated with the user or device.
This granular control ensures that only authorized users or devices with the appropriate tags can

access sensitive resources, thereby enhancing security.
Determining Security Posture:
Zero-trust tags can be utilized to assess and determine the security posture of an endpoint.
Based on the assigned tags, FortiSASE can evaluate the device's compliance with security policies, such as antivirus status, patch levels, and configuration settings.
Devices that do not meet the required security posture can be restricted from accessing the network or given limited access.
Reference:
FortiOS 7.2 Administration Guide: Provides detailed information on configuring and using zero-trust tags for access control and security posture assessment.
FortiSASE 23.2 Documentation: Explains how zero-trust tags are implemented and used within the FortiSASE environment for enhancing security and compliance.

Question: 5

Refer to the exhibit.

In the user connection monitor, the FortiSASE administrator notices the user name is showing random characters. Which configuration change must the administrator make to get proper user information?

A. Turn off log anonymization on FortiSASE.
B. Add more endpoint licenses on FortiSASE.
C. Configure the username using FortiSASE naming convention.
D. Change the deployment type from SWG to VPN.

Answer: A

Explanation:
In the user connection monitor, the random characters shown for the username indicate that log anonymization is enabled. Log anonymization is a feature that hides the actual user information in the logs for privacy and security reasons. To display proper user information, you need to disable log anonymization.
Log Anonymization:
When log anonymization is turned on, the actual usernames are replaced with random characters to protect user privacy.
This feature can be beneficial in certain environments but can cause issues when detailed user monitoring is required.
Disabling Log Anonymization:
Navigate to the FortiSASE settings.
Locate the log settings section.
Disable the log anonymization feature to ensure that actual usernames are displayed in the logs and

user connection monitors.
Reference:
FortiSASE 23.2 Documentation: Provides detailed steps on enabling and disabling log anonymization.
Fortinet Knowledge Base: Explains the impact of log anonymization on user monitoring and logging.