

Fortinet NSE 7 - Enterprise Firewall 7.0

Questions & Answers Demo

Version: 5.0

Question: 1

Refer to the exhibit, which contains partial output from an IKE real-time debug.

```
ike 0:624000:98: responder: main mode get 1st message...
ike 0:624000:98: VID DPD AFCAD71368A1F1C96B8696FC77570100
ike 0:624000:98: VID FRAGMENTATION 4048B7D56EBCE88525E7DE7F00D6C2D3
ike 0:624000:98: VID FRAGMENTATION 4048B7D56EBCE88525E7DE7F00D6C2D3C0000000
ike 0:624000:98: VID FORTIGATE 8299031757A36082C6A621DE0000000
ike 0:624000:98: incoming proposal:
ike 0:624000:98: proposal id = 0:
ike 0:624000:98: protocol id = ISAKMP:
ike 0:624000:98: trans_id = KEY_IKE.
ike 0:624000:98: encapsulation = IKE/none
ike 0:624000:98: type=OAKLEY_ENCRYPT_ALG, val=AES_CBC, key-len=256
ike 0:624000:98: type=OAKLEY_HASH_ALG, val=SHA2_256.
ike 0:624000:98: type=AUTH_METHOD, val=PRESHARED_KEY.
ike 0:624000:98: type=AUTH_METHOD, val=PRESHARED_M
ike 0:624000:98: type=OAKLEY_GROUP, val=MODP2048.
ike 0:624000:98: ISAKMP SA lifetime=86400
ike 0:624000:98: proposal id = 0:
ike 0:624000:98: protocol id = ISAKMP:
ike 0:624000:98: trans_id = KEY_IKE.
ike 0:624000:98: encapsulation = IKE/none
ike 0:624000:98: type=OAKLEY_ENCRYPT_ALG, val=AES_CBC, key-len=256
ike 0:624000:98: type=OAKLEY_HASH_ALG, val=SHA2_256.
ike 0:624000:98: type=AUTH_METHOD, val=PRESHARED_KEY.
ike 0:624000:98: type=AUTH_METHOD, val=PRESHARED_H
ike 0:624000:98: type=OAKLEY_GROUP, val=MODP1536.
ike 0:624000:98: ISAKMP SA lifetime=86400
ike 0:624000:98: my proposal, gw Remotesite:
ike 0:624000:98: proposal id = 1:
ike 0:624000:98: protocol id = ISAKMP:
ike 0:624000:98: trans_id = KEY_IKE.
ike 0:624000:98: encapsulation = IKE/none
                              type=OAKLEY_ENCRYPT_ALG, val=AES_CBC, key-len=128
type=OAKLEY_HASH_ALG, val=SHA.
type=AUTH_METHOD, val=PRESHARED_KEY.
iike 0:620000:98:
ike 0:624000:98:
ike 0:624000:98:
ike 0:624000:98: type=OAKLEY_GROUP, val=MODP2048.
ike 0:624000:98: ISAKMP SA lifetime=86400
ike 0:624000:98: proposal id = 1:
ike 0:624000:98: protocol id = ISAKMP:
ike 0:624000:98: trans_id = KEY_IKE.
ike 0:624000:98: encapsulation = IKE/none
ike 0:624000:98:type=OAKLEY_HASH_ALG, val=SHA.ike 0:624000:98:type=OAKLEY_HASH_ALG, val=SHA.ike 0:624000:98:type=AUTH_METHOD, val=PRESHARED_KEY.
ike 0:624000:98:
                               type=OAKLEY ENCRYPT ALG, val=AES CBC, key-len=128
                         type=OAKLEY_GROUP, val=MODP1536.
ike 0:624000:98:
ike 0:624000:98: ISAKMP SA lifetime=86400
ike 0:624000:98: negotiation failure
ike Negot::624ea7b1bba276fb/00000000000000000:98: no SA proposal chosen
```

The administrator does not have access to the remote gateway.

Based on the debug output, which configuration change can the administrator make to the local gateway to resolve the phase 1 negotiation error?

A. In the phase 1 network configuration, set the IKE version to 2.

B. In the phase 1 proposal configuration, add AES128-SHA128 to the list of encryption algorithms.

C. In the phase 1 proposal configuration, add AESCBC-SHA2 to the list of encryption algorithms.

D. In the phase 1 proposal configuration, add AES256-SHA256 to the list of encryption algorithms.

Answer: D

Explanation:

https://docs.fortinet.com/document/fortigate/7.0.0/administration-guide/238852

Question: 2

# diagnose webfilter fortiguard statistics list Rating Statistics:			<pre># diagnose webfilter fortiguard statistics lis Cache Statistics:</pre>		
DNS failures		273	Maximum memory		0
DNS lookups		280	Memory usage		0
Data send failures					
Data read failures			Nodes		
Wrong package type			Leaves		0
Hash table miss			Prefix nodes		0
Unknown server			Exact nodes		0
Incorrect CRC					
Proxy request failures			Requests		0
Request timeout		1	Misses		0
Total requests		2409	Hits		
Requests to FortiGuard servers		1182	Prefix hits		
Server errored responses			Exact hits		
Relayed rating					
Invalid profile			No cache directives		0
			Add after prefix		
Allowed		1021	Invalid DB put		0
Blocked		3909	DB updates		
Logged		3927			
Blocked Errors		565	Percent full		01
Allowed Errors			Branches		01
Monitors			Leaves		01
Authenticates			Prefix nodes		09
Warnings:		18	Exact nodes		09
Ovrd request timeout					
Ovrd send failures			Miss rate		09
Ovrd read failures			Hit rate		09
Ovrd errored responses			Prefix hits		08
			Exact hits		08

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Which configuration change would result in non-zero results in the cache statistics section?

- A. set server-type rating under config system central-management
- B. set webfilter-cache enable under config system fortiguard
- C. set webfilter-force-off disable under config system fortiguard
- D. set ngfw-mode policy-based under config system settings

Explanation:

Enterprise_Firewall_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf p 362

Question: 3

Refer to the exhibits, which show the configuration on FortiGate and partial session information for internet traffic from a user on the internal network.

Configuration Session config system global set snat-route-change disable end config router static edit 1 set gateway 10.200.1.254 set priority 5 set device "port1" next edit 2 set gateway 10.200.2.254 set priority 10 set device "port2" next end Configuration Session FGT # diagnose sys session list session info: proto=6 proto_state=01 duration=600 expire=3179 timeout=3600 flags=00000000 sockflag=00000000 sockport=0 av idx=0 use=4 origin-shaper= reply-shaper= per_ip_shaper= class_id=0 ha_id=0 policy_dir=0 tunnel=/ vlan_cos=0/255 state=log may_dirty npu f00 statistic(bytes/packets/allow_err): org=3208/25/1 reply=11144/29/1 tuples=2 tx speed(Bps/kbps): 0/0 rx speed(Bps/kbps): 0/0 orgin->sink: org pre->post, reply pre->post dev=4->2/2->4 gwy=10.200.1.254/10.0.1.10 hook=post dir=org act=snat 10.0.1.10:64907->54.239.158.170:80(10.200.1.1:64907) hook=pre dir=reply act=dnat 54.239.158.170:80->10.200.1.1:64907(10.0.1.10:64907) pos/(before,after) 0/(0,0), 0/(0,0) src mac=b4:f7:a1:e9:91:97 misc=0 policy_id=1 auth_info=0 chk_client_info=0 vd=0 serial=00317c5b tos=ff/ff app_list=0 app=0 url_cat=0 rpdb link id = 00000000 dd_type=0 dd_mode=0 npu state=0x000c00 npu info: flag=0x00/0x00, offload=0/0, ips_offload=0/0, epid=0/0, ipid=0/0, vlan=0x0000/0x0000 vlifid=0/0, vtag_in=0x0000/0x0000 in_npu=0/0, out_npu=0/0, fwd_en=0/0, qid=0/0 no ofld reason:

If the priority on route ID 2 were changed from 10 to 0, what would happen to traffic matching that user session?

Answer: B

A. The session would remain in the session table, but its traffic would now egress from both port1 and port2.

B. The session would remain in the session table, and its traffic would egress from port2.

C. The session would be deleted, and the client would need to start a new session.

D. The session would remain in the session table, and its traffic would egress from port1.

Answer: D

Explanation:

https://community.fortinet.com/t5/FortiGate/Technical-Tip-Using-SNAT-route-change-to-updateexisting-NAT/ta-p/198439

Question: 4

Refer to the exhibits, which show the configuration on FortiGate and partial internet session information from a user on the internal network.

Configuration Session

config system global
set snat-route-change disable
end
config router static
edit 1
set gateway 10.200.1.254
set priority 5
set device "port1"
next
edit 2
set gateway 10.200.2.254
set priority 10
set device "port2"
next
end

Configuration Session

FGT # diagnose sys session list session info: proto=6 proto_state=01 duration=600 expire=3179 timeout=3600 flags=00000000 sockflag=00000000 sockport=0 av_idx=0 use=4 origin-shaper= reply-shaper= per_ip_shaper= class_id=0 ha_id=0 policy_dir=0 tunnel=/ vlan_cos=0/255 state=log may_dirty npu f00 statistic(bytes/packets/allow_err): org=3208/25/1 reply=11144/29/1 tuples=2 tx speed(Bps/kbps): 0/0 rx speed(Bps/kbps): 0/0 orgin->sink: org pre->post, reply pre->post dev=4->2/2->4 gwy=10.200.1.254/10.0.1.10 hook=post dir=org act=snat 10.0.1.10:64907->54.239.158.170:80(10.200.1.1:64907) hook=pre dir=reply act=dnat 54.239.158.170:80->10.200.1.1:64907(10.0.1.10:64907) pos/(before,after) 0/(0,0), 0/(0,0) src mac=b4:f7:a1:e9:91:97 misc=0 policy_id=1 auth_info=0 chk_client_info=0 vd=0 serial=00317c5b tos=ff/ff app_list=0 app=0 url_cat=0 rpdb link id = 00000000 dd_type=0 dd_mode=0 npu state=0x000c00 npu info: flag=0x00/0x00, offload=0/0, ips_offload=0/0, epid=0/0, ipid=0/0, vlan=0x0000/0x0000
vlifid=0/0, vtag_in=0x0000/0x0000 in_npu=0/0, out_npu=0/0, fwd_en=0/0, qid=0/0 no ofld reason:

An administrator would like to test session failover between the two service provider connections. What changes must the administrator make to force this existing session to immediately start using the other interface? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure set snat-route-change enable.
- B. Change the priority of the port2 static route to 5.
- C. Change the priority of the port1 static route to 11.
- D. unset snat-route-change to return it to the default setting.

Answer: AC

Explanation:

Enterprise_Firewall_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf p 148-149

Question: 5

What are two functions of automation stitches? (Choose two.)

A. Automation stitches can be configured on any FortiGate device in a Security Fabric environment.

B. An automation stitch configured to execute actions sequentially can take parameters from previous actions as input for the current action.

C. Automation stitches can be created to run diagnostic commands and attach the results to an email message when CPU or memory usage exceeds specified thresholds.

D. An automation stitch configured to execute actions in parallel can be set to insert a specific delay between actions.

Explanation:

Answer: BC

Enterprise_Firewall_7.0_Study_Guide-Online.pdf p 23, 26